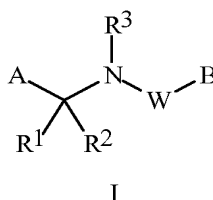


**Amendments to Claims**

1. (Previously presented) A composition for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising:

(a) at least one compound of Formula I, *N*-oxides and agriculturally suitable salts thereof



wherein

A is a substituted pyridinyl ring;

B is a substituted phenyl ring;

W is C=L or SO<sub>n</sub>;

L is O or S;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each independently H; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, each optionally substituted;

R<sup>3</sup> is H; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylaminocarbonyl; and

n is 1 or 2; and

(b) at least one compound selected from the group consisting of

(b2) compounds acting at the bc<sub>1</sub> complex of the fungal mitochondrial respiratory electron transfer site; and optionally at least one compound selected from the group consisting of

(b1) alkylenebis(dithiocarbamate) fungicides;

(b3) cymoxanil;

(b4) compounds acting at the demethylase enzyme of the sterol biosynthesis pathway;

(b5) morpholine and piperidine compounds that act on the sterol biosynthesis pathway;

(b6) phenylamide fungicides;

(b7) pyrimidinone fungicides;

(b8) phthalimides; and

(b9) fosetyl-aluminum.

2.(Original) A composition of Claim 1 in which component (a) is a compound of Formula I wherein

A is a pyridinyl ring substituted with from 1 to 4 R<sup>5</sup>;

B is a phenyl ring substituted with from 1 to 4 R<sup>6</sup>;

W is C=O;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each independently H; or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, each optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylamino and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkylamino;

R<sup>3</sup> is H; and

each R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> is independently C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> halocycloalkyl, halogen, CN, CO<sub>2</sub>H, CONH<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylamino, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylaminocarbonyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> trialkylsilyl; or

each R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> is independently a phenyl, a benzyl, a phenoxy, a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring or a 5- or 6-membered nonaromatic heterocyclic ring, each ring optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from R<sup>7</sup>; or

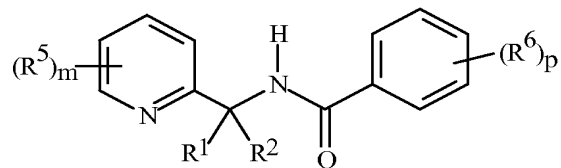
two R<sup>6</sup> attached to contiguous carbon atoms are taken together with said carbon atoms to form a fused phenyl ring, a fused 5- or 6-membered nonaromatic carbocyclic ring, a fused 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring or a fused 5- or 6-membered nonaromatic heterocyclic ring, each fused ring optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from R<sup>7</sup>;

each R<sup>7</sup> is independently C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> halocycloalkyl, halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylamino, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkylamino, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> (alkyl)cycloalkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> dialkylaminocarbonyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> trialkylsilyl.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Original) A composition of Claim 2 wherein component (b) is a compound selected from (b2).

5. (Original) A composition of Claim 4 wherein component (b) is famoxadone.
6. (Currently amended) The composition of Claim 1 wherein component (b) comprises at least one compound selected from (b2) and at least one compound selected from (b1), (b3), (b4), (b5), (b6), (b7), (b8) ~~and~~ or (b9).
7. (Original) The composition of Claim 6 wherein component (b) comprises at least one compound selected from (b2) and at least one compound selected from (b1), (b3), (b6), (b7), (b8) or (b9); wherein the overall weight ratio of component (b) to component (a) is from 30:1 to 1:30; and wherein the weight ratio of component (b2) to component (a) is from 10:1 to 1:1.
- 8 (Canceled)
9. (Original) A method for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof, or to the plant seed or seedling, a fungicidally effective amount of a composition of Claim 1.
10. (Canceled)
11. (Original) The method of Claim 9 wherein the disease to be controlled is caused by the fungal pathogen *Plasmopara viticola*.
- 12 through 16. (Canceled)
17. (Previously presented) The composition of Claim 5 wherein component (a) is 2,6-dichloro-*N*-[[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]methyl]benzamide.
18. (Previously presented) A composition for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising:  
(a) a compound of the formula



wherein  $(R^5)_m$  is 3-Cl-5-CF<sub>3</sub>,  $R^1$  is H,  $R^2$  is H, and  $(R^6)_p$  is 2,6-di-Cl; and

(b2) at least one compound selected from compounds acting at the  $bc_1$  complex of the fungal mitochondrial respiratory electron transfer site.

19. (Canceled)

20. (Previously presented) The composition of Claim 18 comprising famoxadone or fenamidone.

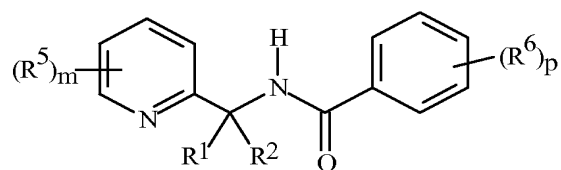
21. (Previously presented) The composition of Claim 20 comprising famoxadone and a compound selected from the group consisting of mancozeb, maneb, propineb, zineb, cymoxanil, metalaxyl, benalaxyl, oxadixyl, 6-iodo-3-propyl-2-propyloxy-4(3*H*)-quinazolinone, 6-chloro-2-propoxy-3-propylthieno[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-4(3*H*)-one, folpet, captan and fosetyl-aluminum.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Canceled)

24. (Previously presented) A composition for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising a synergistic combination of:

(a) a compound of the formula



wherein  $(R^5)_m$  is 3-Cl-5-CF<sub>3</sub>,  $R^1$  is H,  $R^2$  is H, and  $(R^6)_p$  is 2,6-di-Cl; and

(b2) at least one compound selected from compounds acting at the  $bc_1$  complex of the fungal mitochondrial respiratory electron transfer site.

25. (Previously presented) The composition of Claim 24 comprising famoxadone.

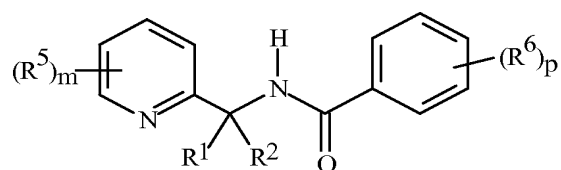
26. (Previously presented) The composition of Claim 24 further comprising at least one compound selected from the group consisting of

- (b1) alkylenebis(dithiocarbamate) fungicides;
- (b3) cymoxanil;
- (b4) compounds acting at the demethylase enzyme of the sterol biosynthesis pathway;
- (b5) morpholine and piperidine compounds that act on the sterol biosynthesis pathway;
- (b6) phenylamide fungicides;
- (b7) pyrimidinone fungicides;
- (b8) phthalimides; and
- (b9) fosetyl-aluminum.

27. (Previously presented) A method for controlling plant diseases caused by fungal plant pathogens comprising applying to the plant or portion thereof, or to the plant seed or seedling, a synergistic fungicidally effective amount of a composition of Claim 24.

28. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 27 wherein the composition comprises famoxadone and the disease to be controlled is caused by the fungal pathogen *Phytophthora infestans*.

29. (New) The composition of Claim 7 comprising a synergistic combination of a compound of the formula



wherein  $(R^5)_m$  is 3-Cl-5-CF<sub>3</sub>, R<sup>1</sup> is H, R<sup>2</sup> is H, and  $(R^6)_p$  is 2,6-di-Cl; and famoxadone.

30. (New) The composition of Claim 7 comprising 2,6-dichloro-*N*-[[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]methyl]benzamide, famoxadone and metalaxyl.

31. (New) The composition of Claim 30 comprising a synergistic combination of is 2,6-dichloro-*N*-[[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]methyl]benzamide and famoxadone.